

# FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND NON-IFRS MEASURES

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains certain "forward-looking statements". These statements are based on management's current expectations and are subject to risks, uncertainty and changes in circumstances, which may cause actual results, performance, financial condition or achievements to differ materially from anticipated results, performance, financial condition or achievements. All statements contained herein that are not clearly historical in nature are forward-looking and the words "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "plan," and similar expressions are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. We have no intention and are under no obligation to update or alter (and expressly disclaim any such intention or obligation to do so) our forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent required by law. The forward-looking statements in this presentation include statements addressing our future financial condition and operating results. Examples of factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements include, among others, business, economic, competitive and regulatory risks, such as conditions affecting demand for products, particularly in the automotive industries; competition and pricing pressure; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices; natural disasters and political, economic and military instability in countries in which we operate; developments in the credit markets; future goodwill impairment; compliance with current and future environmental and other laws and regulations; and the possible effects on us of changes in tax laws, tax treaties and other legislation. More detailed information about these and other factors is set forth in the 2021 Kongsberg Automotive Annual Report and the Kongsberg Automotive Quarterly Reports.

#### **NON-IFRS MEASURES**

Where we have used non-IFRS financial measures, reconciliations to the most comparable IFRS measure are provided, along with a disclosure on the usefulness of the non-IFRS measure, in this presentation.

# **TODAY'S PRESENTERS**



LINDA NYQUIST-EVENRUD
INTERIM CEO & PRESIDENT



FRANK HEFFTER CFO

# **AGENDA**

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
MARKET UPDATE
FINANCIAL UPDATE
STRATEGIC REVIEW
OUTLOOK
Q&A

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - Q3 2023**

STABLE REVENUES AND STRONG EARNINGS
CASH FLOW DEVELOPMENT UNDER ASSESSMENT

€220.6M

€14.3M

€-13.4M FREE CASH FLOW

Decrease of 10.3% vs. 03 2022

Increase by MEUR 1.4 vs. Q3 2022

Decrease from the FCF of MEUR -1.4 in Q3 2022

1.4x

€89.2M

€207.1M

**NEW BUSINESS<sup>3</sup>** 

Improved from 2.0x in Q3 2022

Improved from MEUR 132.6 as of 30/09/2022

Increase from MEUR 128.9 in 03 2022

#### **REVENUES**

> Excluding revenues of MEUR 40.2 divested to BRP from Q3 2022, quarterly revenues grew by 14.8% at constant currency rates

#### **ADJUSTED EBIT**

- Supported by positive operational effects of MEUR 5.7, partly related to retroactive price increases and one-time compensations from customers
- > In Q3 2022, the divested business to BRP amounted to MEUR 12.6

#### **FREE CASH FLOW**

 Impacted by increase in NWC to support future growth and to facilitate footprint optimization

#### **LEVERAGE RATIO / NIBD**

 Improved due to the proceeds received from the divestment to BRP in Q4 2022

### **NEW BUSINESS WINS**

 Significant increase especially due to substantial contracts being awarded to P&C



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes IFRS 16; excluding IFRS 16, leverage ratio is equal to 0.6x in Q3 2023 compared to 1.1x in Q3 2022

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NIBD / Adjusted EBITDA (LTM)

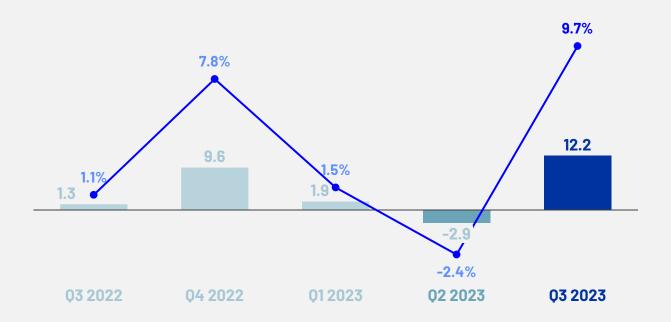
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Lifetime revenue of business wins during the quarter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Net Interest-Bearing Debt

# POWERTRAIN & CHASSIS

# **BUSINESS SEGMENTS UPDATE**

# ADJUSTED EBIT MARGIN, % ADJUSTED EBIT, MEUR



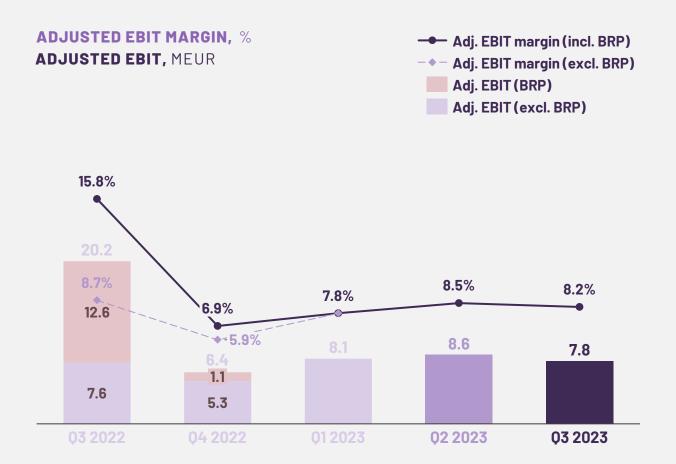
# **Q3 2023**

- > Growing business in the commercial vehicles market in all regions (Europe, the Americas and China) with relatively low margins
- Declining sales in the Chinese and European passenger car markets were positively offset by the growing sales in the passenger car market in the Americas
- One-time net effects of MEUR 4.0 positively contributed to the adj. EBIT, mainly related to retroactive price increase, one-time reimbursements from customers, release of provision for customer claims, and others



# **SPECIALTY PRODUCTS**

# BUSINESS SEGMENTS UPDATE



# **Q3 2023**

Decline Quarter over Quarter was mainly attributable to:

- > Less favorable product mix
- ➤ Lost earnings related to the business divested to BRP (Q3 2022 at MEUR 12.6 including the reimbursement of MEUR 8.2 for spot-buy costs incurred in prior periods)
- ➤ In Q3 2023, adjusted EBIT benefitted from retroactive price increases and one-time reimbursements from customers of MEUR 1.7

# **BOOK-TO-BILL**

# MAINTAINING STABLE BOOK TO BILL RATIO TARGET RATIO ABOVE 1 FOR FY2023

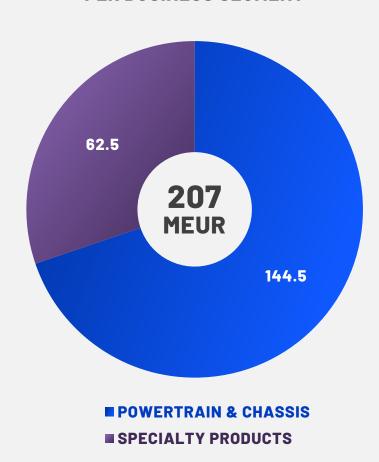
# **BOOK-TO-BILL PERFORMANCE, MEUR**

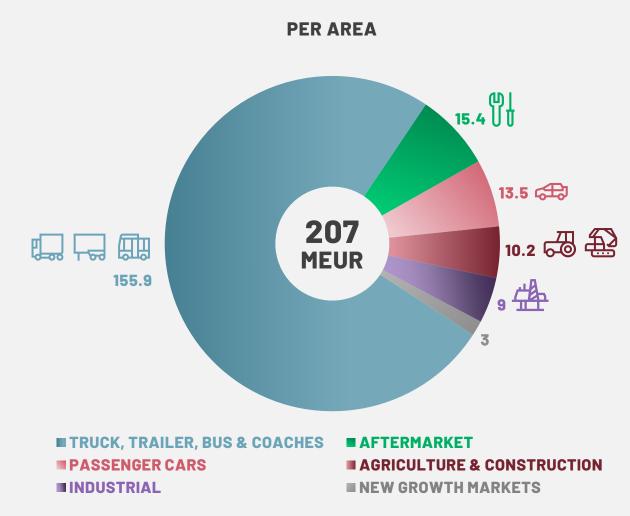


<sup>1.</sup> Lifetime sales assumptions are based on IHS and LMC production estimates at the time of the booking

# NEW BUSINESS WINS Q3 LIFETIME REVENUES, MEUR

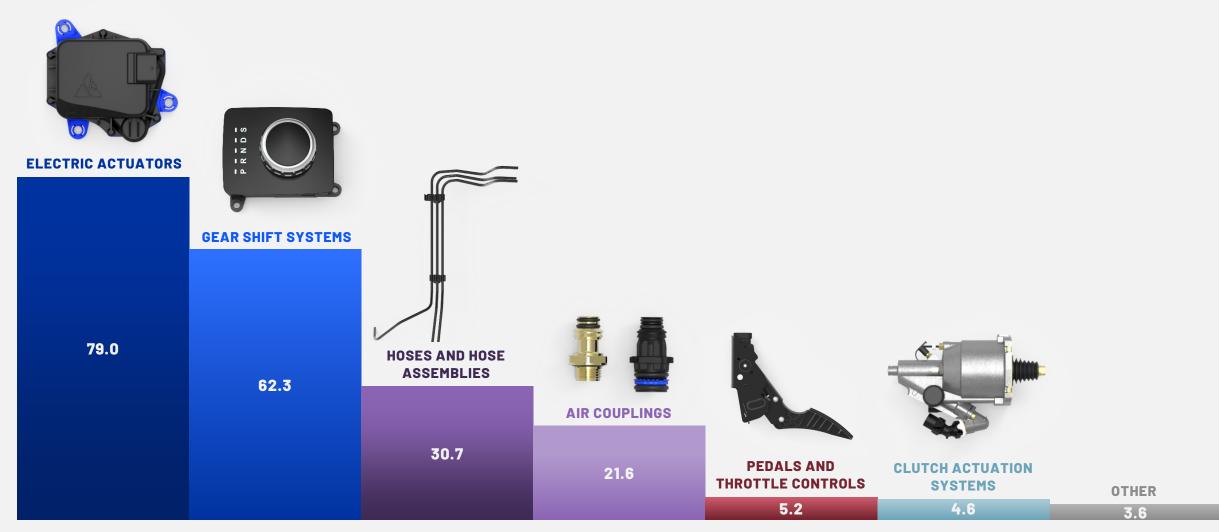
# **PER BUSINESS SEGMENT**







# NEW BUSINESS WINS Q3 PRODUCT RANGES OVERVIEW



LIFETIME REVENUES, MEUR

The product images are illustrative.

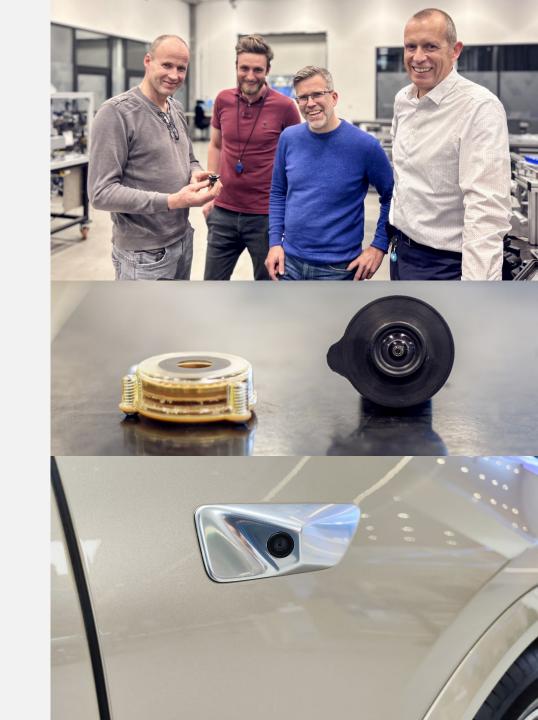
# KA'S SECOND INVESTMENT INTO AUTONOMOUS DRIVING TECHNOLOGY





- > KA has acquired **innovative patents** from Romoline for camera cleaners, developed in Norway
- > KA's **second investment** into a technology that will be used in **autonomous driving** and is also used in **present day vehicles**
- > Unlike traditional nozzle cleaners, this technology uses less fluid and sprays **away from the camera lens** leading to optimal cleaning. The product's intention is to improve **functionality, quality, environmental impact, customer satisfaction,** and **cost of use.**
- Next steps for KA to expand in this product area will be to develop the product into complete systems and sensor cleaning solutions
- > KA expects revenues in a 2-3 years time frame

With this acquisition, KA now directly and indirectly **controls 28 patents** for technologies relevant to autonomous vehicles.



# **KA'S COST OPTIMIZATION MEASURES**

# Long term-viability and profitability of the company is KA's top priority

- > On October 23, 2023, KA announced measures to **optimize costs, right size the company** and **enhance competitiveness**
- > As a part of this initiative KA will reduce its workforce by an estimated 150-200 employees globally
- > KA continues to **evaluate its global footprint.** As a first step, KA **will close** its Dortmund, Germany office effective January 1, 2024,
- > KA expects annualized saving of MEUR 15-20 during 2024
- > The initiatives taken will **not change the guidance** given for the fiscal year 2023

# **EFFECTIVE MEASURES**







RIGHT-SIZING THE COMPANY



OPTIMIZE THE GLOBAL PRESENCE



WORKFORCE REDUCTION



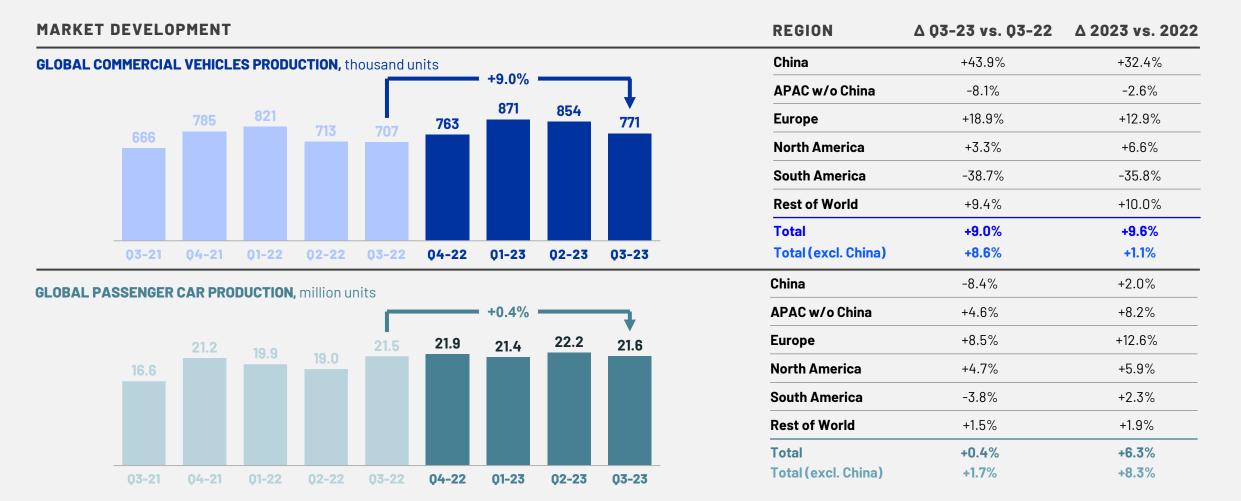
EXPLORE ALL OPPORTUNITIES





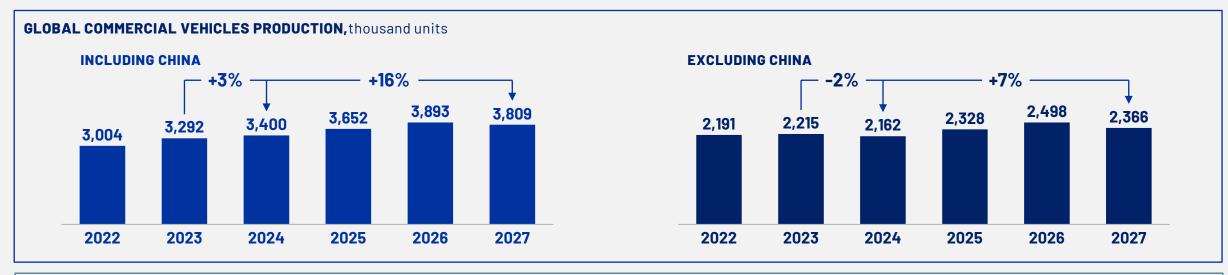
# **MARKET TRENDS**

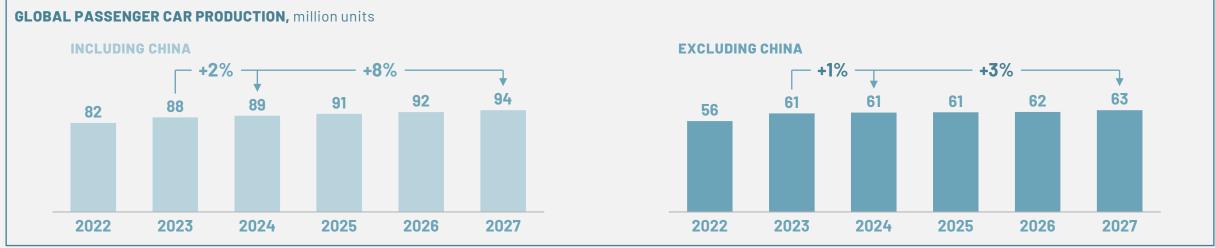
# STRONG GROWTH IN THE CHINESE COMMERCIAL VEHICLE MARKET



# **MARKET FORECASTS**

# GROWTH IN THE COMMERCIAL VEHICLE MARKET DEPENDS ON CHINA



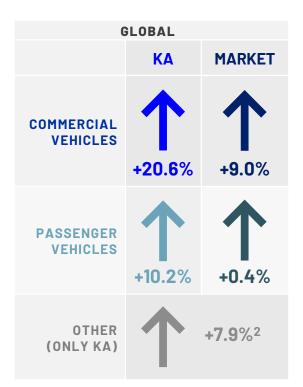




# **MACROECONOMIC STABILIZATION**

# POSITIVE DEVELOPMENT FOR KA WITHIN COMMERCIAL VEHICLES IN KEY REGIONS

# REVENUE GROWTH VS MARKET GROWTH IN Q3 23 vs. Q3 221







# **OUTPERFORMANCE IN KEY MARKETS**

- > KA's total revenues from the commercial vehicle market outperformed the market.
  - Revenues from the commercial vehicle market in China has more than doubled compared to Q3 2022, due to the increased sales to one of the biggest customers
  - » KA significantly outperformed the commercial vehicle market in the Americas with an increase of 12.2% QtQ, despite the declining market
  - » In Europe, KA's sales in Q3 were slightly below market growth
- > KA's sales also outperformed the passenger vehicle market.
  - This is mainly due to the growth in sales of the Fuel Systems to one of the major European car manufacturer
  - Revenues from the passenger vehicle market in China were negatively impacted by increasing local competition

Source: LMC Global Commercial Vehicle Forecast (Sept 2023); IHS Light Vehicle Production Base (Sept 2023)



Change in revenues at constant currencies and changes to vehicle production levels for selected regions and markets from Q3 2022 to Q3 2023. The split across vehicle types does not correspond to our business unit segments – see p. 7 and 8 in the quarterly report for details.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>excluding revenues divested to BRP of MEUR 40.2 in Q3 2022

# **DEVELOPMENT OF THE GLOBAL MARKET SITUATION**

# LABOR COSTS REMAIN AN ISSUE, SUPPLY MARKET IS GRADUALLY IMPROVING

# CURRENT TRIGGERS FOR DISRUPTION

# MACROECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING GLOBAL MARKET ENVIRONMENT

**SEMICONDUCTOR SHORTAGE** 



Availability is further improving. Shortage limited to individual components only

**LABOR COSTS** 



Increasing substantially in core markets

**SUPPLY CHAIN** 



Freight services and costs are normalizing, while part shortages still require premium shipments

**ENERGY/MATERIAL COST** 



Energy prices are flattening while prices for raw material are showing further reduction





# **REVENUES**

# SOLID REVENUES DRIVEN BY SEASONALITY AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS

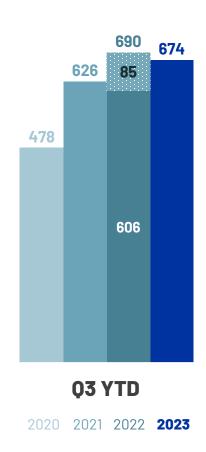
#### **REVENUES (continuing operations), MEUR** 246 229 226 2020 225 221 219 218 215 40 215 2021 209 206 25 20 2022 excl. BRP 193 187 2022 BRP 179 2023 112 212 206 201 199 Q2 Q1 **Q3 Q4**

2021 2022 **2023** 

2020 2021 2022 2023

2022

2021



Quarterly revenues in 2023 include significant negative translation effects. On the current currency basis, quarterly revenues are as follows:

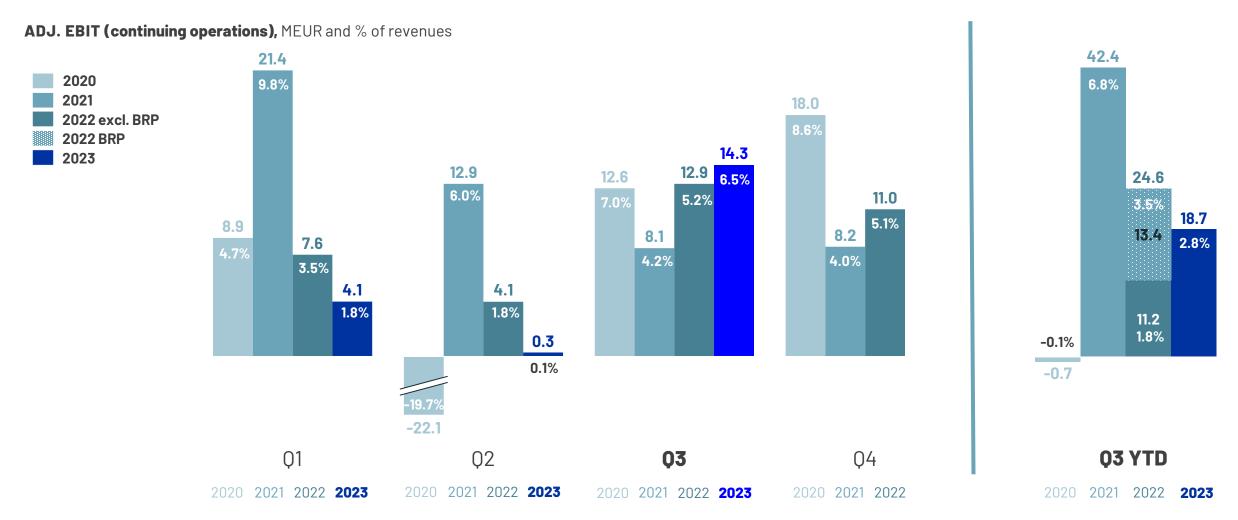
• Q1 2023: MEUR 226 (positive translation effects of MEUR 3)

2021 2022 **2023** 

- Q2 2023: MEUR 235 (negative translation effects of MEUR 10)
- Q3 2023: MEUR 236 (negative translation effects of MEUR 15)

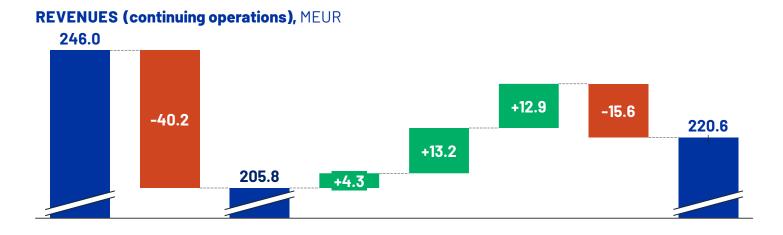
# **ADJUSTED EBIT**

# POSITIVE EARNINGS PARTIALLY DRIVEN BY OPERATIONAL ONE-TIME EFFECTS



# **ADJUSTED EBIT BRIDGE**

# POSITIVELY DRIVEN BY ONE-TIME EFFECTS NEGATIVELY IMPACTED BY UNFAVOURABLE REGIONAL PRODUCT MIX





# P&C

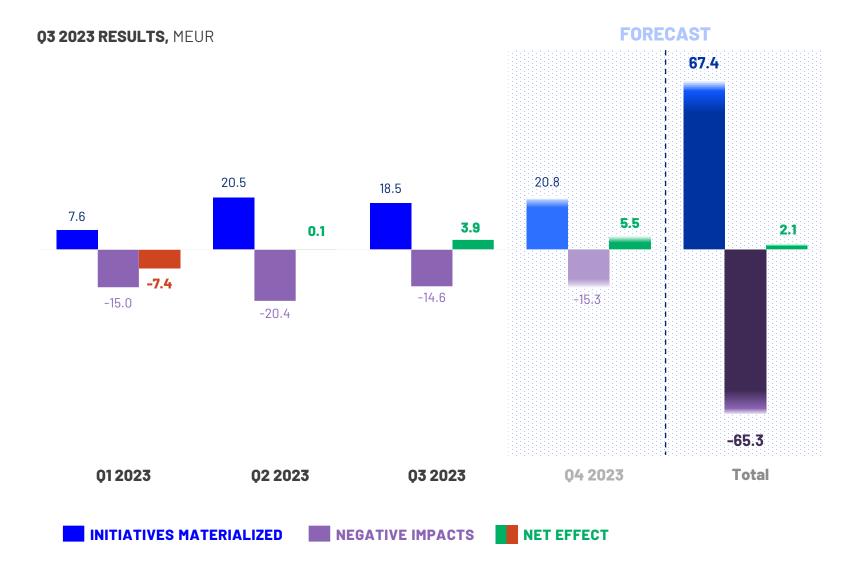
- > Sales in Europe and the Americas increased by MEUR 12.2; adj. EBIT grew by MEUR 9.0. This was mainly driven by the positive one-time effects of MEUR 4.0, predominantly related to one-time reimbursements from customers and release of provision for customer claims
- > Sales and adj. EBIT in APAC (excl. China) grew by MEUR 1.0 and MEUR 0.4, respectively
- > Sales in China increased by MEUR 4.3, and adj. EBIT increased by MEUR 1.5, mainly in the commercial vehicles market

# SPP

- > Sales of FCS grew by MEUR 8.6; adj. EBIT decreased by MEUR 0.3, mainly due to less favorable product mix in the fluid transfer systems business
- > Excluding the sales from the business divested to BRP (MEUR 40.2 with adj. EBIT of MEUR 12.6), OFH sales grew by MEUR 4.3, of which MEUR 1.7 related to retroactive price increases and one-time reimbursements from customers

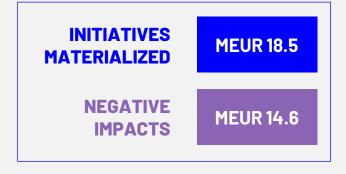


# SHIFT GEAR I PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT



- Overall, Q3 result has delivered a net positive effect of MEUR 3.9
- > Major positive contributions from ComX and Operational Improvements
- > Positive one-time effects reduced impact of forecasted risks
- > Full year net effect forecast increased from MEUR 0.7 to MEUR 2.1

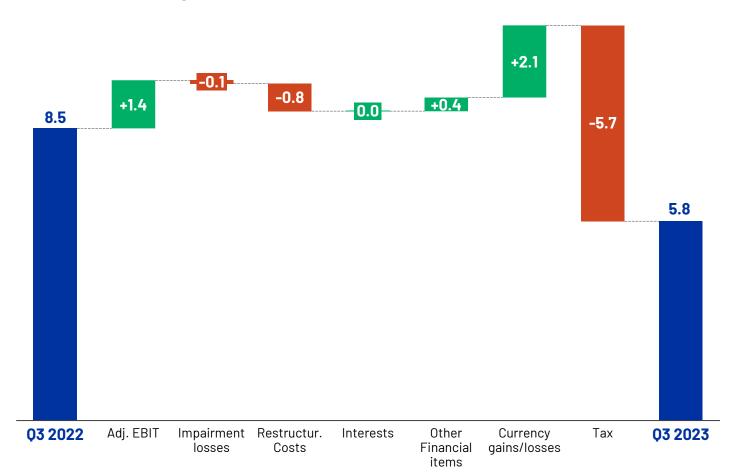
# **Q3 2023 RESULTS:**



# **NET INCOME BRIDGE**

# HIGHER TAX EXPENSE OFFSET POSITIVE DEVELOPMENT

# **NET INCOME (continuing operations), MEUR**



# **NET INTERESTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ITEMS**

- Net interests remained stable compared to Q3 2022
- Other financial items in Q3 2023 include the change in expenses related to the securitization of MEUR 0.1 and other financial items of MEUR 0.3

#### **CURRENCY GAINS**

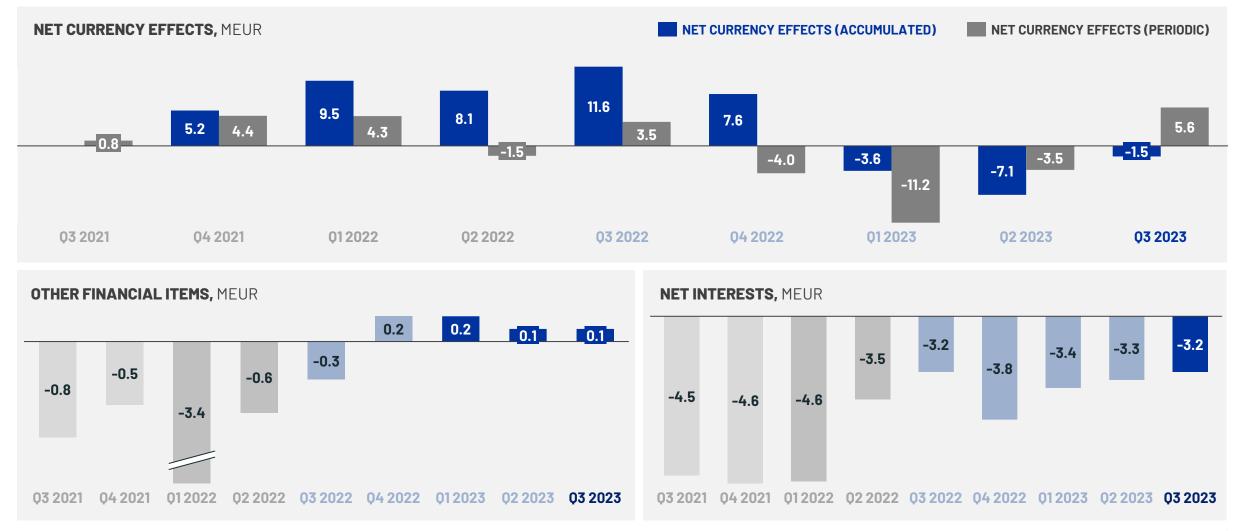
- > Currency gains amounted to MEUR 5.6 in Q3 2023 vs. MEUR 3.5 in Q3 2022
- Currency translation effects are made up of realized currency loss of MEUR 0.1 and unrealized currency gains of MEUR 5.7 in Q3 2023 (Q3 2022: realized gains of MEUR 1.6 and unrealized gains of MEUR 1.9)

# TAX

➤ Change in tax expenses was predominantly impacted by the losses considered not to be usable in the foreseeable future and therefore not capitalizable as DTA in Q3 2023 as well as prior year tax effects



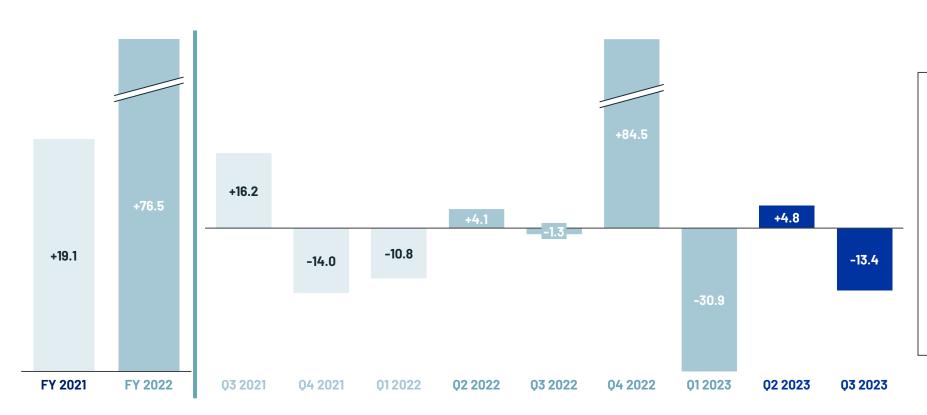
# **NET FINANCIAL ITEMS**



# FREE CASH FLOW

# DECLINE IN FREE CASH FLOW DUE TO NWC INCREASE

# FREE CASH FLOW<sup>1</sup>, MEUR



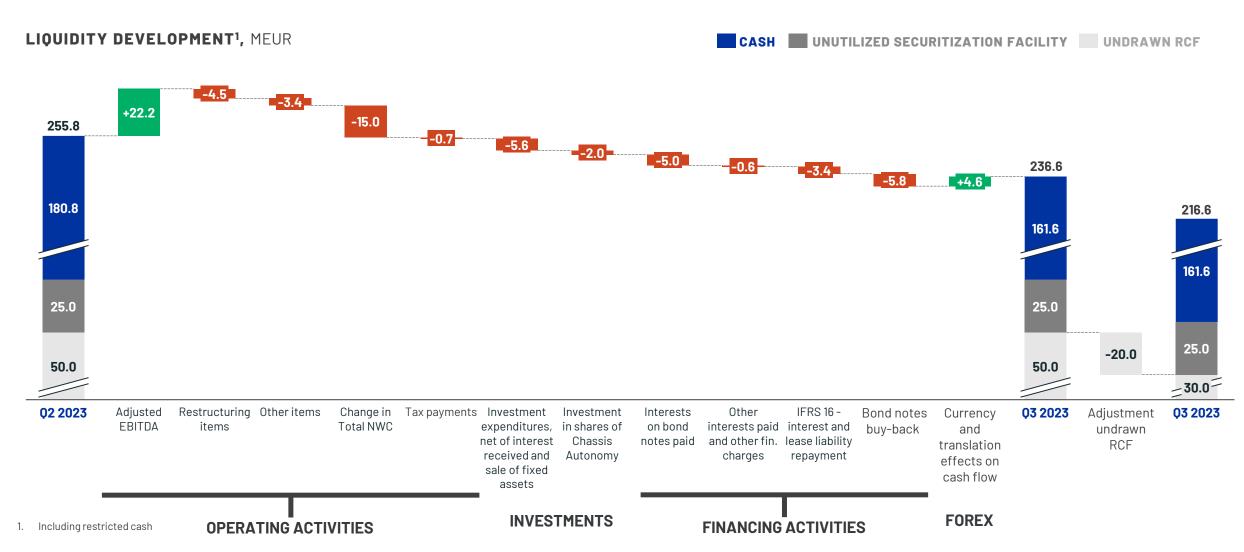
#### **03 2023 FCF DETAILS**

Operating activities	-1.4
Investing activities	-7.6
Financing activities	-14.8
Currency and translation effects on cash flow	+4.6
Total	-19.2
excluding repurchase of own bond notes	+5.8
FCF	-13.4



<sup>1.</sup> Free Cash Flow is measured based on sum of cash flow from operating activities, investing activities, financial activities and currency effects on cash (together described as change in cash), excluding net draw-down/repayment of debt and proceeds received from capital increase/purchase of treasury shares.

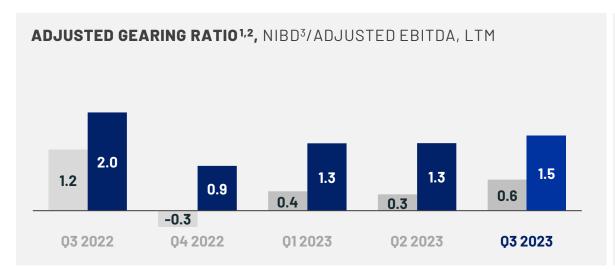
# **LIQUIDITY DEVELOPMENT**



# **FINANCIAL RATIOS**

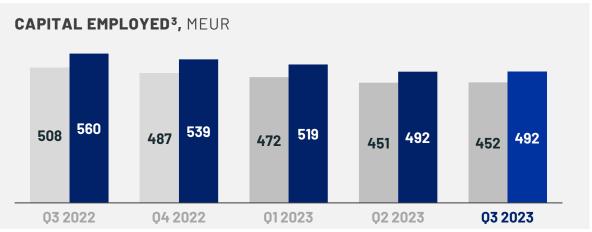
#### CONTINUING AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS











<sup>1.</sup> Adjusted EBITDA refers to continuing operation only 3. Capital employed at quarter end; as the indices are calculated based on the figures from last 12 months

<sup>2.</sup>Excluding restructuring costs

<sup>3.</sup> Net interest-bearing debt

# STRATEGIC REVIEW



**INITATED BY:** FORMER BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND FORMER CEO/MANAGEMENT

**INITATED IN:** MARCH 2023

ADVISORS: ROTHSCHILD AND ABG SUNDAL COLLIER (STRUCTURAL CONSIDERATIONS)

**PURPOSE:** > EVALUATE OPTIONS TO MAXIMIZE FUTURE SHAREHOLDER VALUE

> UNLOCK THE FULL POTENTIAL OF KA BEYOND THE CURRENT PERFORMANCE

> RIGHTSIZING, IMPROVING ORGANIZATIONAL AND OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY

# **AREAS OF FOCUS**

ACQUISITIONS
PARTNERSHIPS &
COLLABORATIONS

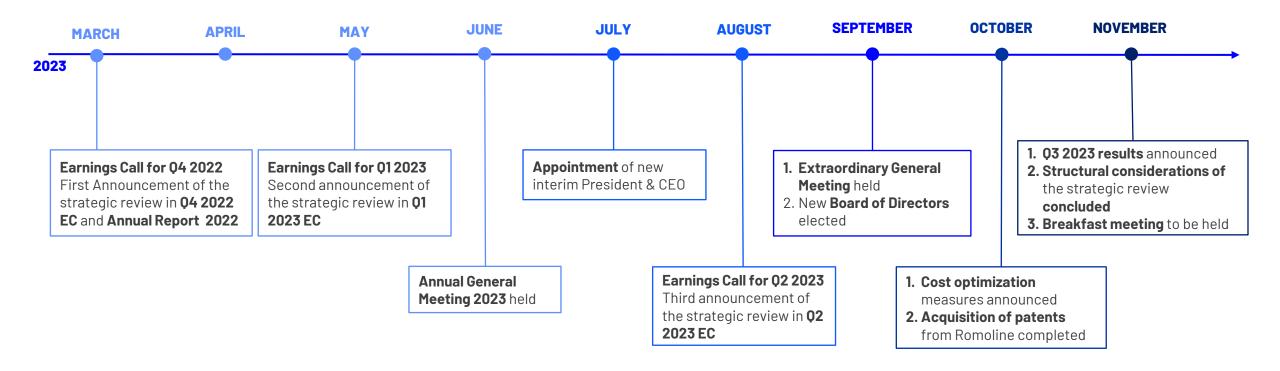
**DIVESTMENTS** 

**CAPITAL MEASURES** 

COST OPTIMIZATION MEASURES

STRUCTURAL CONSIDERATIONS

# STRATEGIC REVIEW TIMELINE



MARCH - OCTOBER 2023 DISCUSSIONS AND ACTIVITIES ON KA'S STRATEGIC REVIEW CONTINUED WITH ROTHSCHILD AND ABG SUNDAL COLLIER

# **CONCLUSIONS**

# THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KA MANAGEMENT ARRIVED AT THE FOLLOWING CONCLUSIONS:

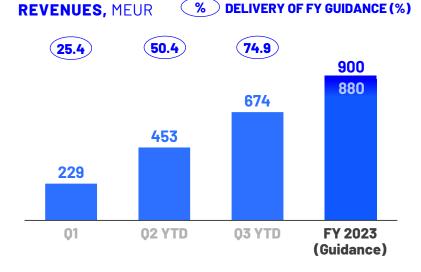
- Retaining and developing the current activities would create the highest value for KA and its shareholders
- > Focus on growth areas where KA is well-positioned
- Focus on the next year's main effort on regaining acceptable levels of profitability and securing a positive cash flow
- > Continue to **explore options** for mitigating the earnings pressure deriving from the business units in the declining segments
- > Allow for bolt-on acquisitions in the coming year, so KA can strengthen businesses in areas where the company is well-positioned



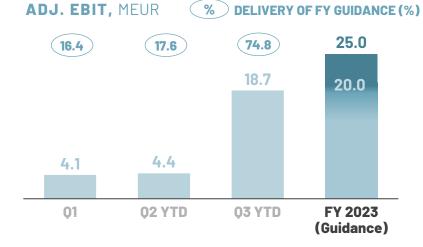
KA'S BOARD OF
DIRECTORS AND
MANAGEMENT HAVE
DECIDED TO CONCLUDE
THE STRUCTURAL
CONSIDERATION OF THE
STRATEGIC REVIEW.



# ON TRACK TO DELIVER ON GUIDANCE



FY 2023 GUIDANCE MEUR 880-900



FY 2023 GUIDANCE MEUR 20-25 Based on YTD Q3 2023, KA maintains the full year 2023 guidance for both revenues and adjusted EBIT.

# **OUTLOOK**



TARGETS AND INITIATIVES

SHARE BUYBACK

2.5% OR UP TO MEUR 4.2

BOOK TO BILL

**ABOVE 1 FOR 2023** 



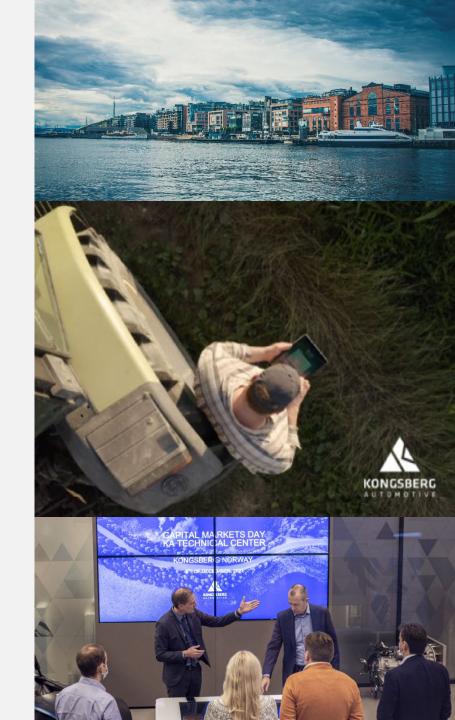
# **UPCOMING EVENTS**

**BREAKFAST MEETING** with the new CEO in Oslo, Norway on November 9, 2023, at Danske Bank in Oslo, Norway

KA exhibits at **AGRITECHNICA** in Hanover, Germany from November 12 -18, 2023

**Q4 RELEASE AND ANNUAL REPORT PUBLICATION** on March 12, 2024

**CAPITAL MARKETS DAY** in Q1 2024





**A**&Q

